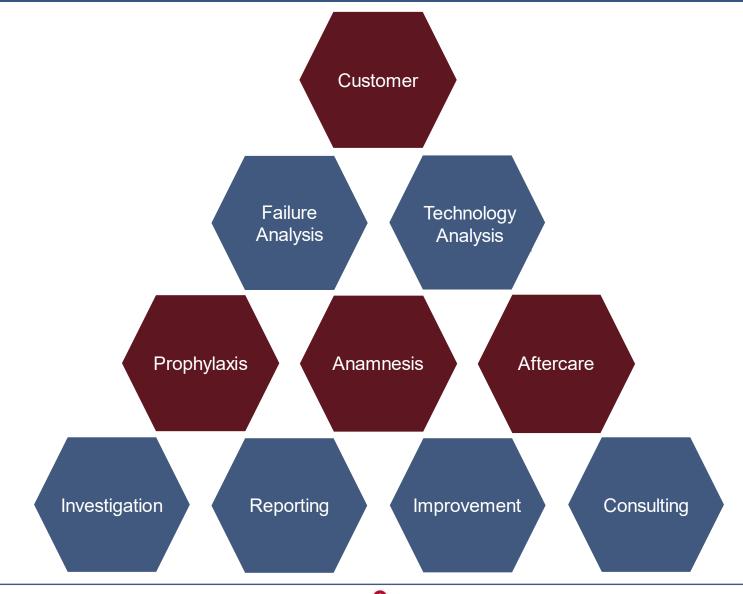
allure and Technology Analysis



# Failure and Technology Analysis

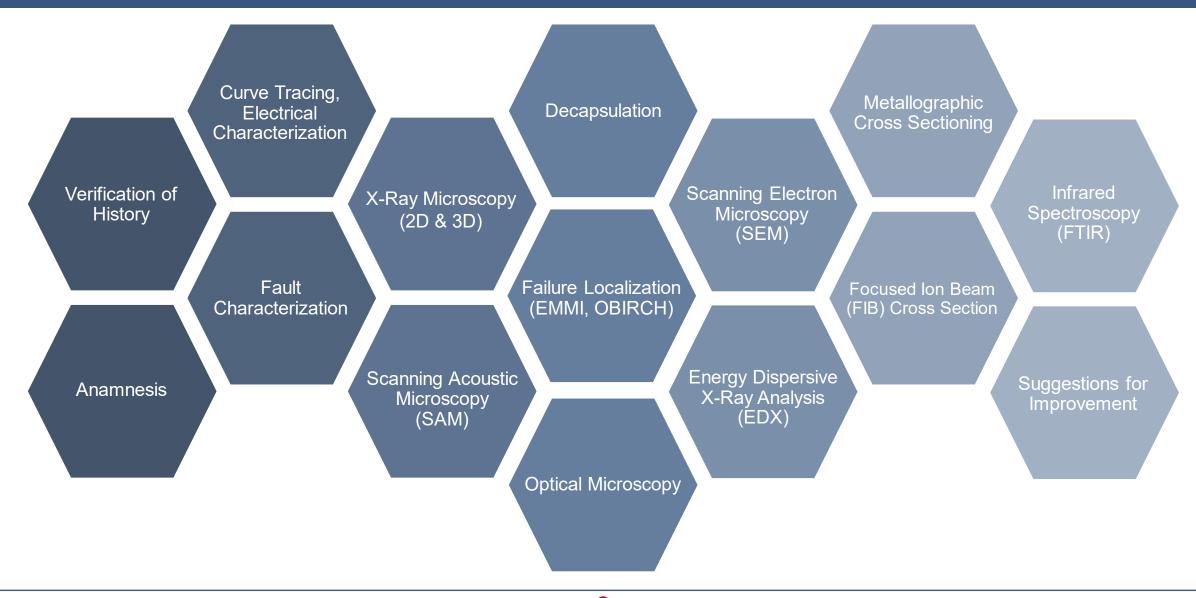
#### **Our Mission**



Services Failure & Technology Analysis

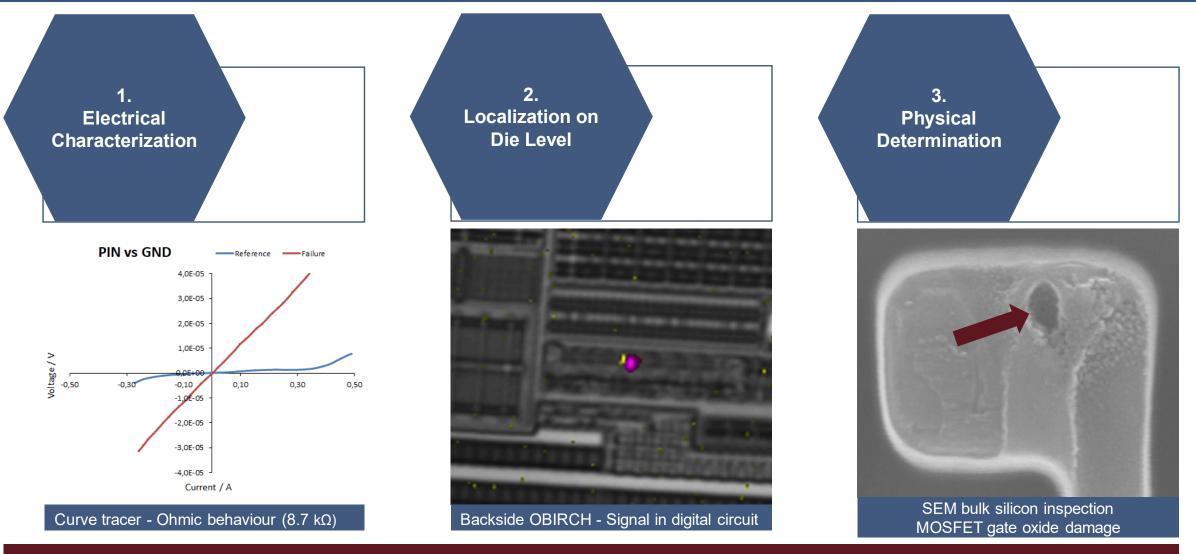


#### **Failure Analysis**





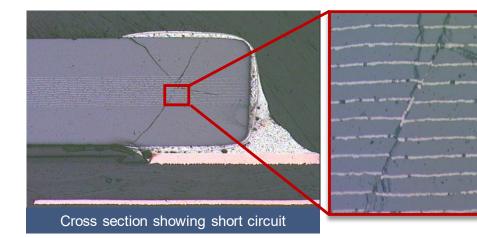
#### **Failure Analysis – Integrated Circuit**



Root cause: ESD induced gate oxide breakdown



### Failure Analysis – Ceramic Capacitor

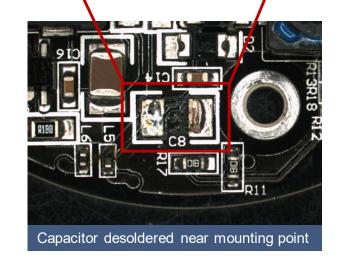


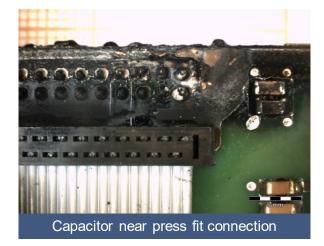


Cracks after removal of metallization

#### Sources of mechanical overstress:

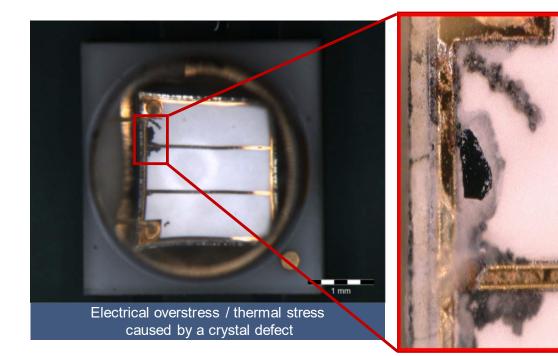
- Board assembly
- Singulation of a multi panel
- Assembly of components in press-fit technology
- Assembly in the system (e.g. screwed connections)
- Temperature change loads of fully molded printed circuit board assemblies

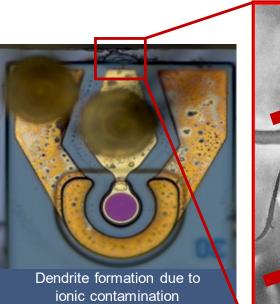


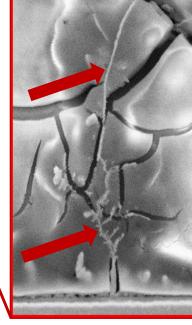


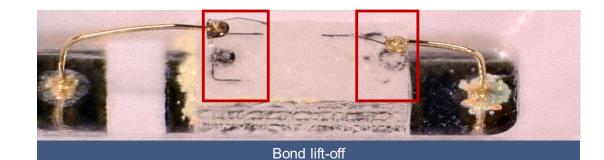


#### Failure Analysis – LED





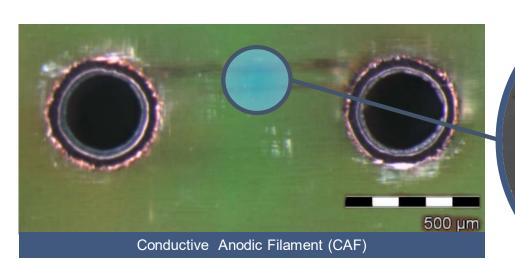


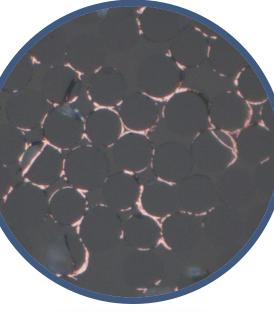


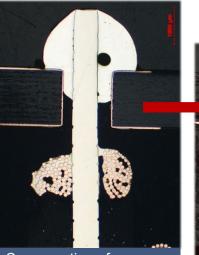
Services Failure & Technology Analysis



## Failure Analysis – Printed Circuit Board Assembly (PCBA)



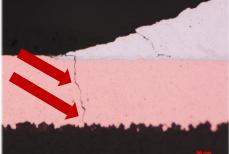




Cross section of poor solder joint and the resulting failure (thermal overstress)







Cracks in solder joints, tracks and microvia

Typical failures on PCBA-Level:			
•	Whisker growth	•	Material migration
•	Conductive Anodic	•	Insufficient solder joints
	Filaments (CAF)	-	Cracks in solder joints,
•	Delamination		tracks and vias
-	Dendrite formation		

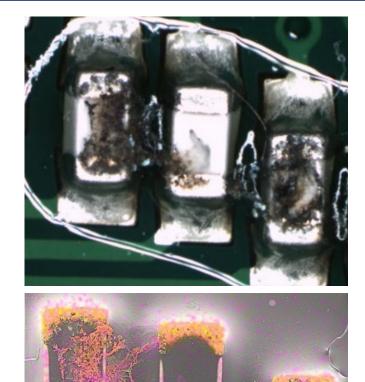


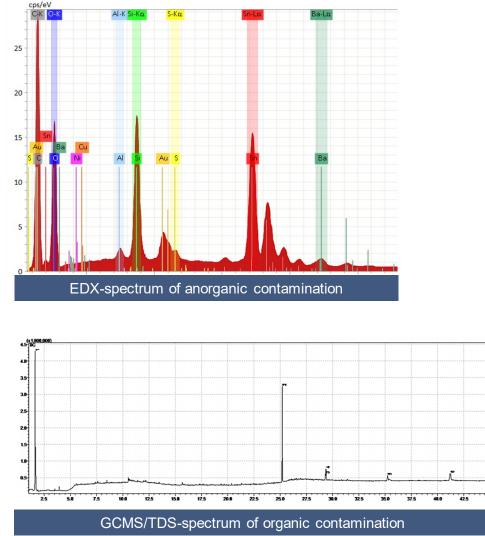
## **Technology Analysis**





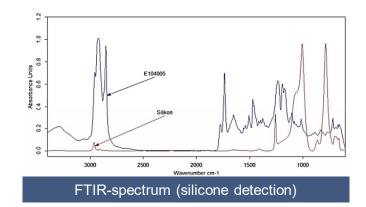
### **Technology Analysis – Material Analysis**







#### Measurement of ionic contamination

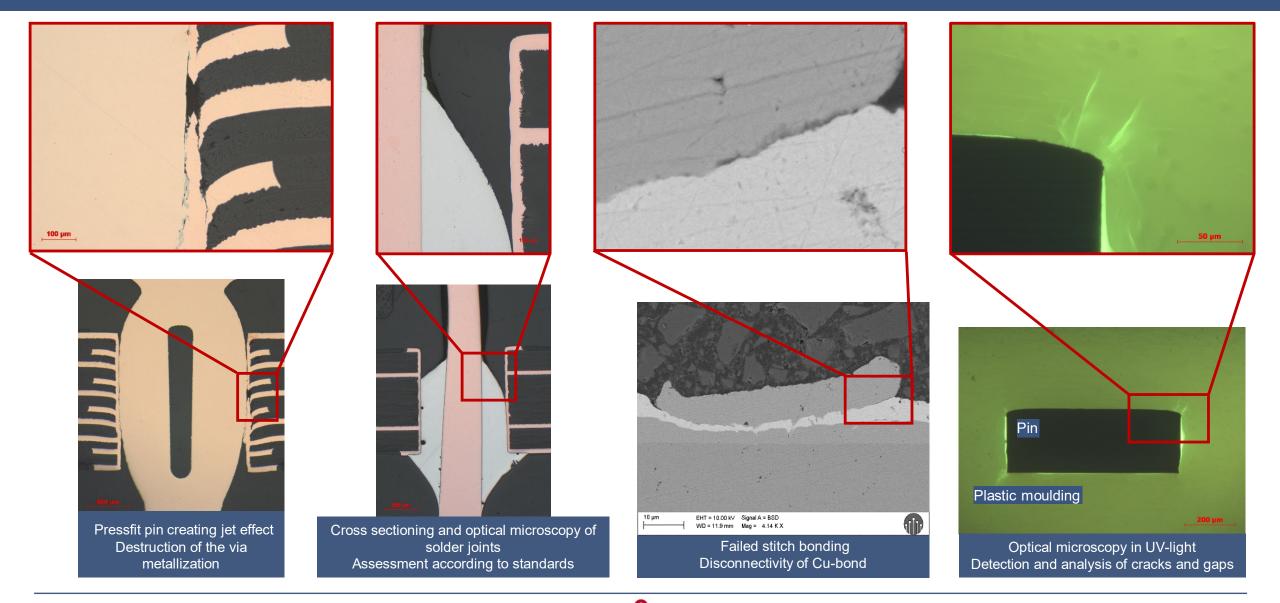


EDX-mapping - migration (copper and nickel)

Ch 1 Ni Sn Cu 118 MAG: 79X HV: 20 kV WD: 10,0 mm

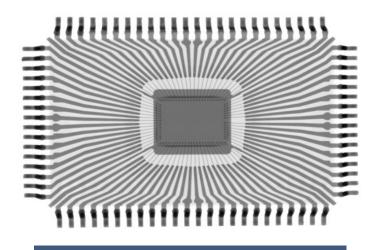


### **Technology Analysis – Metallography**

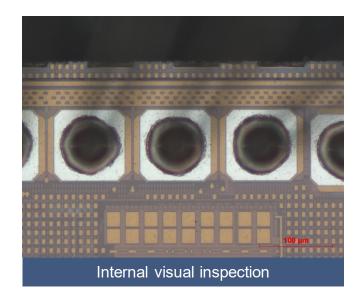


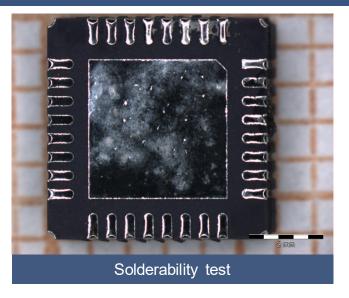


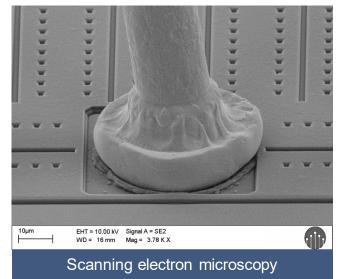
### **Destructive Physical Analysis (DPA)**

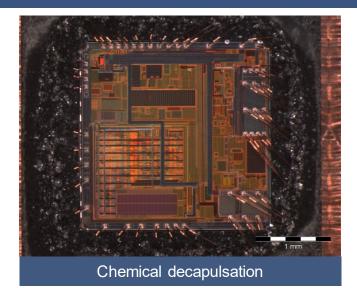


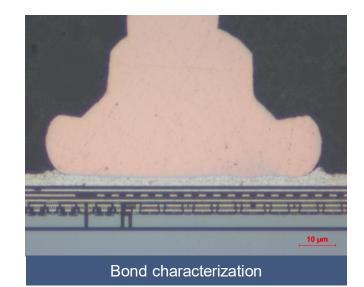
#### X-ray microscopy





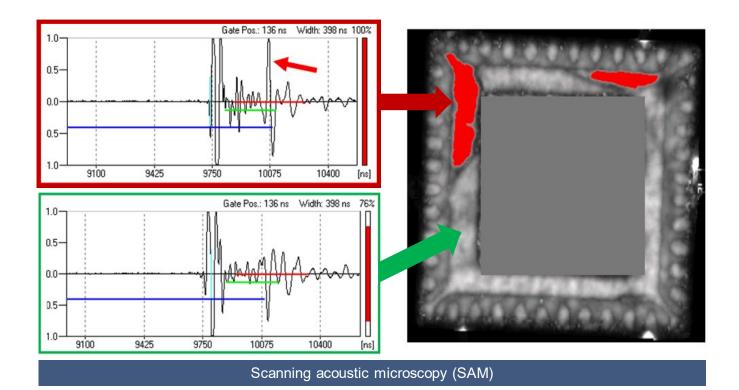


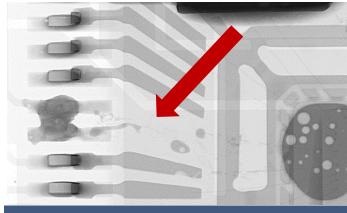




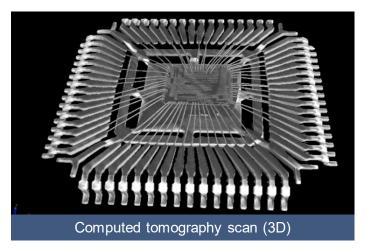
Services Failure & Technology Analysis

#### **Non-Destructive Examination**





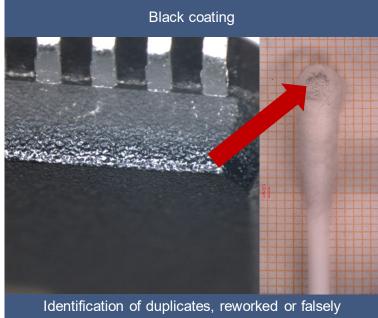
X-ray microscopy (2D)



Examination of test specimens without destruction, enables analyses without direct intervention on potential defect positions



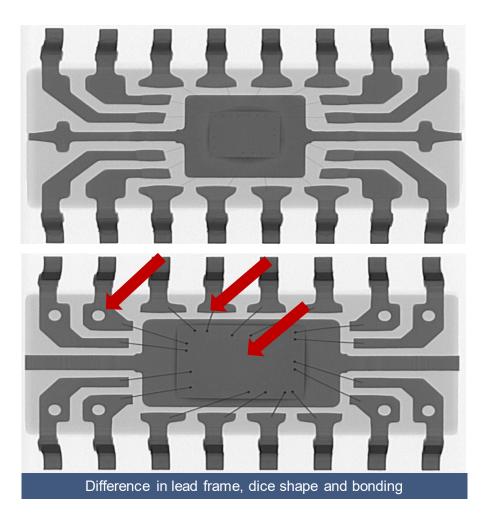
#### **Counterfeit Component Analysis**



declared goods

#### Inspection methods:

- Light-optical inspection of the housing and the terminal metallization
- X-ray microscopy to inspect the lead frame and bonding
- Solvent wiping test to identify blacktopping
- Wet chemical exposure of the die





### **Committed to Quality**



The test laboratories are accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018 by the accreditation body DAkkS. The accreditation is valid only for the scope listed in the annex of the accreditation certificates D-PL-12120-01-02.



#### Get in Touch With Us



